4MOST – 4m Multi-Object Spectroscopic Telescope





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4MOST: a Wide-field, high-multiplex optical spectroscopic survey facility for ESO Roelof de Jong, PI (AIP)



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- Status:
 - ESO Council approved 4MOST in June 2015
 - Preliminary Design Review scheduled for June 2016
 - Operations start on VISTA telescope 2021 (at least 2x 5 year)
- Science:
 - Cosmology, galaxy evolution, high-energy and Galactic science
 - Complement large-area space missions: Gaia, eROSITA, Euclid, PLATO
 - Complement ground-based surveys: VISTA, VST, DES, LSST, SKA, etc.
- Survey facility:
 - Consortium delivers instrument, science operations, data products, science
 - Run all-sky 5 year public surveys in parallel, with yearly data releases
 - Key surveys organized by consortium in coordination with community
 - Add-on surveys from community and Chile through ESO peer-reviewed applications

Background: EU strategic docs

- A Science Vision for European Astronomy (ASTRONET)
 - Extreme Universe (Dark Energy & Dark Matter, Black holes)
 - Galaxy Formation & Evolution
 - Origin of Stars and Planets
 - Solar System
- ASTRONET Infrastructure Roadmap "A smaller project, but again of high priority, is a wide-field spectrograph for massive surveys with large optical telescopes."
- ESA-ESO Working Group on Galactic populations, chemistry and dynamics *"Blue multiplexed spectrograph on 4 or 8m class telescope"*
- Strategic Review on Europe's 2-4m telescopes over the decade to 2020 (ASTRONET/OPTICON)

"Optical wide-field spectrograph on 4m telescopes (N+S)"

4MOST will play an important role in almost all research areas identified in the ASTRONET Science Vision document A Science Vision for European Astronomy

What is the origin and evolution of stars and planets? How do galaxies form and evolve? Do we understand the extremes of the Universe? How do we fit in?

Cesa ESA-ESO Working Groups





ASTRONET The ASTRONET Infrastructure Roadmap: A Strategic Plan for European Astronomy Executive Summary

Instrument Specification

Specification	Design value
Field-of-View (hexagon)	~4.1 degree ² (Ø>2.5°)
Multiplex fiber positioner Medium Resolution Spectrographs (2x) # Fibres	~2436 R~4000-7000 812 fibres (2x) 270 050 nm
Velocity accuracy High Resolution Spectrograph (1x) # Fibres Passband	 370-950 nm < 1 km/s R~20,000 812 fibres 392.6-435.5, 516-573, 610-679 nm
Velocity accuracy # of fibers in $\emptyset = 2$ ' circle	< 1 km/s >3
Fibre diameter	Ø=1.45 arcsec
Area (first 5 year survey)	>2h x 18,000 deg ²
Number of science spectra (5 year)	~75 million of 20 min

4MOST Operations



- Unique operations model for MOS instruments that allows observations for most science cases
- 4MOST program defined by *Public Surveys* of 5 years
- Surveys will be defined by *Consortium* and *Community*
- All Surveys will run *in parallel*
 - Surveys share fibres per exposure for increased efficiency
- Consortium Key Surveys will define observing strategy
 - Millions of targets all sky
- Add-on Surveys for smaller surveys
 - Small fraction fibers all sky or
 - dedicated small areas
 - 10^3 to 10^6 targets
- Several passes of sky with 2, 10, 20, 30 mins
- Wedding-cake distribution for total time 1h to 10h



SN research opportunities



- Possible transient return using 2% of fibres:
 - 32 fibres/pointing x 8/night x 150 dark nights ~ 40,000 spectra / year (~8 / degree² per pointing)
- Can be live transients or host galaxies
- Scheduling 1–7 days in advance (TBD)
- Aim for live transients near peak in deep drilling fields?
- Use of HR fibres?
- Adding science case currently being negotiated (Bob Nichol)
- ESO member state institutes/individuals can still join
 - Individual membership: 100k€ + 1 FTE
 - 1 staff + 1 post-doc + students





